

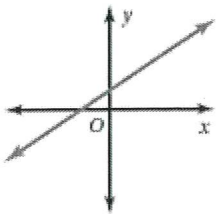
# Graphing Proportional Relationships Using Slope Notes

Recall:



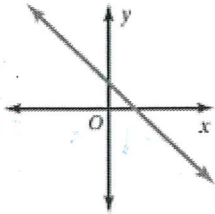
## Slope

*Positive Slope*



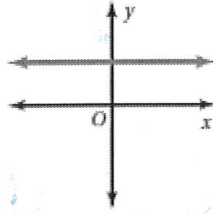
The line rises from left to right.

*Negative Slope*



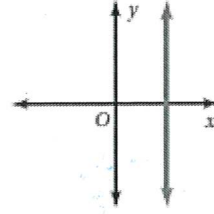
The line falls from left to right.

*Slope of 0*



The line is horizontal.

*Undefined Slope*

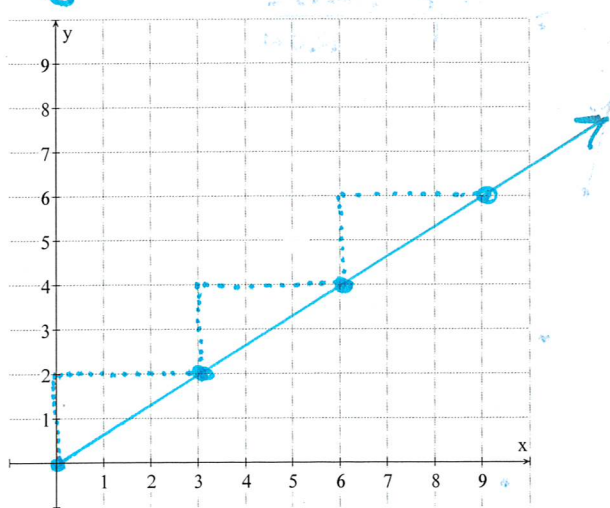


The line is vertical.

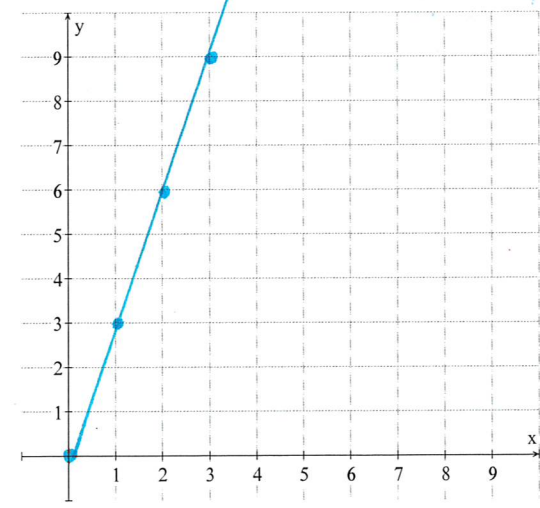
The idea we're going to use when graphing lines is the idea that:  $\text{Slope} = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$

Graph the following using the rise and run.

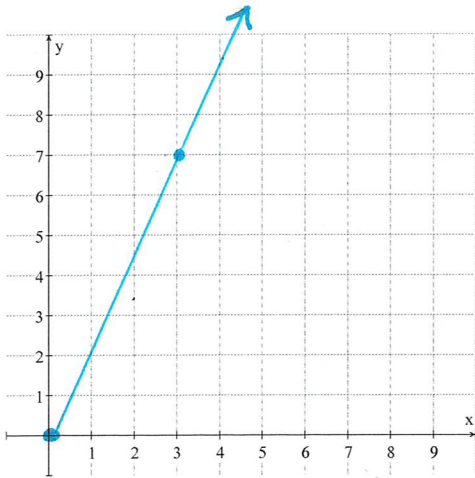
Ex:)  $y = \frac{2}{3}x$        $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$



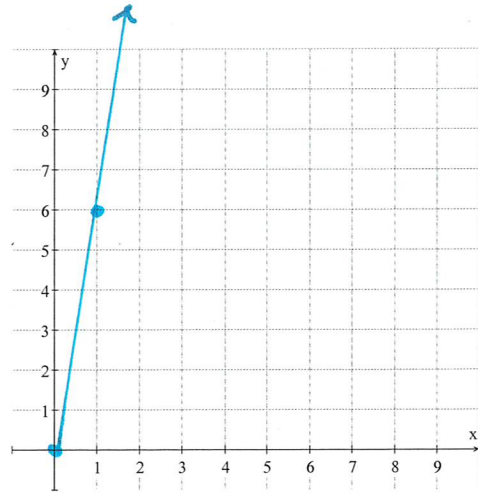
Ex:)  $y = 3x$        $3 = \frac{3}{1} = \frac{\text{Rise}}{\text{Run}}$



OYO:)  $y = \frac{7}{3}x$  →  $\frac{7}{3} = \frac{\text{RISE}}{\text{RUN}}$

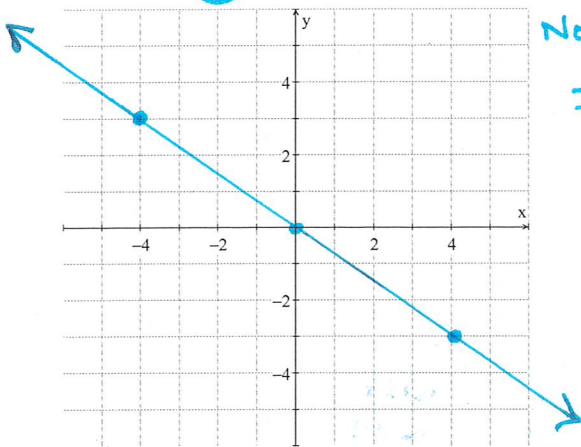


OYO:)  $y = 6x$  →  $6 = \frac{6}{1}$



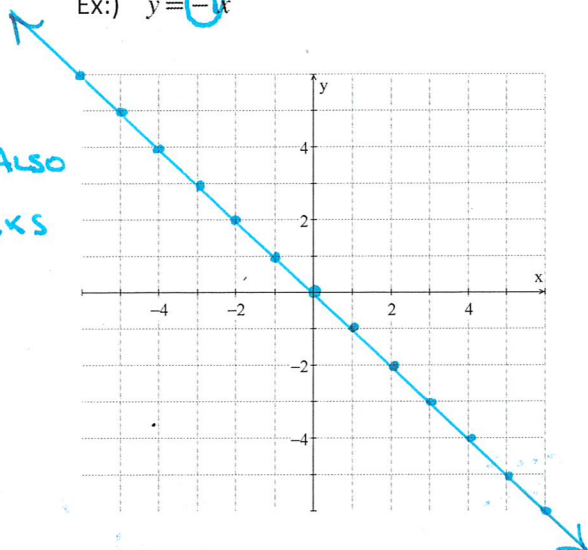
Graph the following using the rise and run.

Ex:)  $y = -\frac{3}{4}x$  →  $-\frac{3}{4} = \frac{-3}{4}$

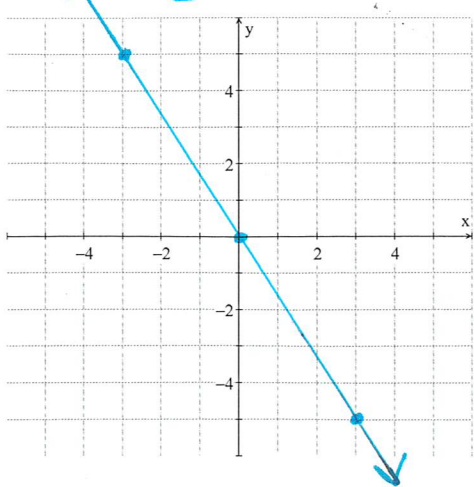


NOTE:  
 $\frac{3}{-4}$  ALSO  
WORKS

Ex:)  $y = -x$  →  $-1 = \frac{-1}{1}$



OYO:)  $y = -\frac{5}{3}x$  →  $-\frac{5}{3}$



OYO:)  $y = -4x$  →  $-\frac{4}{1} = \frac{\text{RISE}}{\text{RUN}}$

